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Counsel for Highland Capital Management, L.P. and the Highland Claimant Trust

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

In re:	§ §	Chapter 11
HIGHLAND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, L.P., ¹	§ §	Case No. 19-34054-sgj11
Reorganized Debtor.	§ §	

HIGHLAND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, L.P., AND THE HIGHLAND CLAIMANT TRUST'S NOTICE OF SERVICE OF A SUBPOENA FOR DEBORAH DEITSCHPEREZ, ESQ. TO APPEAR AND TESTIFY AT A HEARING IN A BANKRUPTCY CASE

¹ The Reorganized Debtor's last four digits of its taxpayer identification number are (8357). The headquarters and service address for the above-captioned Reorganized Debtor is 100 Crescent Court, Suite 1850, Dallas, TX 75201.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, pursuant to Rule 45 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, made applicable herein by Rule 9016 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, Highland Capital Management, L.P., the reorganized debtor in the above-referenced bankruptcy case, and the Highland Claimant Trust, by and through their undersigned counsel, caused a Subpoena to Appear and Testify at a Hearing in a Bankruptcy Case (the "Subpoena"), a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A, to be served upon Deborah Deitsch-Perez, Esq. for appearance at a hearing on June 25, 2025 at 9:30 a.m. Central Time.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

Dated: June 18, 2025.

PACHULSKI STANG ZIEHL & JONES LLP

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EXHIBIT A

Case 19-34054-sgj11 Doc 4242 Filed 06/18/25 Entered 06/18/25 19:18:17

B2550 (Form 2550 – Subpoena to Appear and Testify at a Heaving in Todon in Page 19th Case 2015 Stage 18 Traceeding) (12/15)

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

NORTHERN	District of	TEXAS	
In re HIGHLAND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, L.P.,	<u>, </u>		
Reorganized Debtor	-		
(Complete if issued in an advongan)	Cas	e No. <u>19-34</u>	054-sgj11
(Complete if issued in an adversary proceeding)	Chapter		
Plaintiff	Adv. Proc. No.		
v.			
Defendant			
SUBPOENA TO AT A HEARING			
Deborah Deitsch-Perez, Esq., in her capacity a To: Michael Aigen, Stinson LLP, 200 Ross Avenu			
			oena is directed)
➤ YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the tim bankruptcy case. When you arrive, you must remain			ge or a court official allows you to leave.
PLACE: 1100 Commerce Street, 14 th Floor, Courtroom 1, Dallas, Texas		75242	COURTROOM 1 DATE AND TIME:
		3242	June 25, 2025 at 9:30 a.m. (CT)
You must also bring with you the following documer applicable):	nts, electroni	cally stored	
The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 are attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of conto a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and 45(g), relating to y consequences of not doing so.	npliance; Ru	le 45(d), rel	ating to your protection as a person subject
Date: June 17, 2025			
CLERK OF COURT			
	OR		
		/s/ John A	. Morris
Signature of Clerk or Depu	ty Clerk	Attor	ney's signature
The name, address, email address, and telephone num	nher of the a	ttorney repr	esenting Highland Canital Management
L.P., and the Highland Claimant Trust who issues or re			

John A. Morris, Esq., Pachulski Stang Ziehl & Jones LLP, 1700 Broadway, 36th Floor New York, New York 10019 (jmorris@pszjlaw.com); phone: 1.212.561.7700

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of this subpoena must be served on each party before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

Case 19-34054-sgj11 Doc 4242 Filed 06/18/25 Entered 06/18/25 19:18:17 Desc B2550 (Form 2550 - Subpoena to Appear and Testify at a Helpharin Description Characteristic Characteristic (Page 2)

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)		
I received this subpoena for (name of individual and title, if on (date)	`any):	
☐ I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named	person as follows:	
on (date)	; or	
☐ I returned the subpoena unexecuted because:		
witness the fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage at My fees are \$for travel and \$for ser		
I declare under penalty of perjury that this information Date:	/s/	
	Server's signature	
	Printed name and title	
	Server's address	

Additional information concerning attempted service, etc.:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45(c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13) (made applicable in bankruptcy cases by Rule 9016, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure)

(c) Place of compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.
- (2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:
- (A) production of documents, or electronically stored information, or things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - (B) inspection of premises, at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction — which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees — on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.
 - (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.
- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B)Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

...

(g) Contempt. The court for the district where compliance is required – and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court – may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

For access to subpoena materials, see Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a) Committee Note (2013)